

- (d) imposed for the protection of its national treasures of artistic, historical, anthropological, palaeontological, archaeological or other cultural or scientific value;
- (e) necessary to reserve for approved purposes the use of Royal Arms or national, state, provincial and territorial arms, flags, crests and seals;
- (f) necessary to protect human, animal or plant life or health;
- (g) necessary to protect its indigenous flora and fauna;
- (h) undertaken in pursuance of its rights and obligations under a multilateral international commodity agreement or arrangement;
- (i) necessary to prevent or relieve shortages of foodstuffs or other essential goods;
- (j) related to the conservation of limited natural resources;
- (k) necessary to protect industrial property rights or copyright, or to prevent unfair, deceptive or misleading practices;
- (l) necessary to secure compliance with laws and regulations relating to customs enforcement, or to tax avoidance or evasion, or to the classification, grading or marketing of goods, or to the operation of recognised commodity marketing boards;
- (m) relating to products of prison labour;
- (n) relating to trade in gold or silver; or
- (o) necessary to safeguard its external financial position and balance of payments.

*Article 9*

Suspension of obligations: Protection of threatened or developing industries

1. If in the opinion of a Member State (in this Article called "the importing Member State") goods are, as a result of the operation of Article 3 of this Agreement, being imported into it from the other Member State in such quantities or under such conditions as to cause or threaten serious injury to an industry in the importing Member State producing like or directly competitive goods, or to retard materially the establishment of an industry in the importing Member State to produce like or directly competitive goods, the importing Member State may request the other Member State to consult with it on measures to reduce or prevent such injury or retardation.

2. If a mutually acceptable solution is not reached within sixty days of the date of the request referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the importing Member State may, after giving notice to the other Member State, suspend to such extent and for as long as necessary the application to the goods concerned of the provisions of Article 3 of this Agreement.