The rules of origin of goods in detail will be coordinated by the Contracting Parties in a separate document that will be integral part of this Agreement.

Article 2

Each Contracting Party shall not:

- directly or indirectly impose on goods of the other Contracting Party, subject to this Agreement, domestic taxes or levies which exceed the relevant taxes or levies imposed on similar domestically produced goods or goods originating in third countries;
- with respect to importation or exportation of goods, subject to this Agreement, introduce any special restrictions or requirements which in a similar situation are not applied to similar domestically produced goods or goods originating in third countries;
- with respect to warehousing, transhipping, storing and transporting goods originating in the territory of the other Contracting Party, and with respect to payments and transfers of payments, apply rules other than those applied in similar cases with respect to goods originating in third countries.

Article 3

Under this Agreement, in mutual trade, the Contracting Parties shall refrain from applying discriminatory measures and introducing quantitative restrictions or measures, equivalent with them, with respect to exportation and/or importation of goods.

The Contracting Parties may unilaterally establish quantitative restrictions, but in reasonable limits and for a strictly appointed term.

These restrictions must be exclusive and may be applied only in the event of an acute deficit of this product in the domestic market and acute deficit of the balance of payments.

A Contacting Party which applies quantitative restrictions in compliance with this Article must, as far as possible in advance, provide the other Contracting Party with full information concerning the basic reasons for the introduction, forms and expected terms of applying the mentioned restrictions. After that consultations shall be scheduled.

The introduction of quantitative restrictions in compliance with this Article shall be in the form of a separate Protocol.

Article 4

All settlements and payments on trade economic cooperation between the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Moldova shall be made in compliance with the Agreement between the authorized banks of the Contracting Parties.

Article 5

Each Contracting Party shall not allow/permit re-exportation of goods, in respect of exportation of which the other Contracting Party, where these goods originate from, applies measures of tariff or non-tariff regulation.

Re-exportation of such goods to third countries may be carried out only by written consent and on terms and conditions to be determined by the authorized body of a State which is the country of origin of these goods. In the event of non-fulfilling this provision, a Contracting Party, whose national interests have been violated, shall have the right to unilaterally introduce measures on regulating exportation of goods to the territory of the State which carried out non-sanctioned re-exportation. And the last currency earnings from such re-exportation shall return to the country of origin of the relevant goods.

Re-exportation shall be exportation of a product (that originates in the customs territory of one Contracting Party) by the other Contracting Party outside the customs territory of the latter in order to export to a third country.

Article 6

The Contracting Parties shall, on a regular basis, exchange information concerning laws and other normative [legislative] acts on economic activity, as well as concerning the issues of trade, investments, taxation, banking and insurance activity and other financial services, concerning transport and customs issues, including customs statistics.

The Contracting Parties shall, without delay, inform each other of changes in the national legislation which may affect the implementation of this Agreement.

The authorized bodies of the Contracting Parties shall coordinate the procedure of exchanging such information.

Article 7

The Contracting Parties shall aspire to bring together the levels of customs duty rates applied in trade with third countries, and for these purposes they have agreed to arrange regular consultations.

The Contracting Parties shall inform each other of current customs tariffs and all exceptions to them.

Article 8

The Contracting Parties shall acknowledge incompatibility of unfair business practice with the objectives of this Agreement and shall be obliged not to allow/permit and eliminate particularly the following methods:

- agreements between enterprises, decisions made by their associations and general methods of business practice aiming at preventing from or restricting competition or violating conditions for it on the territories of the Contracting Parties:
- actions with the help of which one or several enterprises use their dominant position restricting competition on the whole or considerable part of the territory of the Contracting Parties;