

AGREEMENT ON FREE TRADE BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF GEORGIA AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ARMENIA

The Government of the Republic of Georgia and the Government of the Republic of Armenia,
hereinafter referred to as the "Sides" to the agreement,

Confirming their tendency towards free development of mutual economic cooperation,

Taking into account integral economic relations between Georgia and Armenia as well as the
interdependence and mutual complement of the economy of both countries,

Striving for the development of trade and economic cooperation between Georgia and Armenia
on the basis of equality and mutual advantage,

Acknowledging the tendency of Georgia and Armenia towards principles of the General
Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and the World Trade Organization (WTO),

Agreed on the following:

Article 1

1. The Side to the agreement do not impose the customs duties on export and/or import and also taxes and charges, having an equivalent effect, on commodity originated from the customs area of one of the Sides and designated for the customs area of another Side. If Sides consider it necessary, exclusion from such trade regime on the agreed commodity nomenclature is generally drawn up through protocol, which is the inherent part of the present agreement.
2. For objectives of the present agreement, commodity, originated from the territories of the Sides is considered to be determined in accordance with the regulations determining the originator country of commodity since 24 September 1993, that are ratified by the Decision of the Council of Governments of Independent States.

Article 2

Each Side will not:

- impose local taxes or charges, directly or indirectly, on goods covered by the present agreement, at the rate that exceeds the level of relevant taxes or charges imposed on analogous goods of the local production or those produced in third countries;
- introduce special restrictions or demands towards export or import of goods covered by the present agreement that are not used towards analogous goods of the local production or those produced in third countries;
- use different rules towards warehousing, unloading, storage, shipment of goods originated on the territory of another Side as well as towards repayments and remittances, with