- (b) customs and origin matters, including vocational training in the customs field;
- (c) modernisation of economic sectors, such as fish and aquaculture, manufacturing, food industry, financial services, tourism;
- (d) technical regulations and sanitary and phytosanitary measures, including standardisation and certification; and
- (e) regulatory assistance and implementation of laws in areas such as intellectual property and public procurement.

CHAPTER IX INSTITUTIONAL AND PROCEDURAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 34

The Joint Committee

- 1. The implementation of this Agreement shall be supervised and administered by a Joint Committee. Each Party shall be represented in the Joint Committee.
- 2. For the purpose of the proper implementation of this Agreement, the Parties shall exchange information and, at the request of any Party, hold consultations within the Joint Committee. The Joint Committee shall keep under review the possibility of further removal of the obstacles to trade between the EFTA States and Tunisia.
- 3. The Joint Committee may take decisions in the cases provided for in this Agreement. On other matters the Joint Committee may make recommendations.

ARTICLE 35

Procedures of the Joint Committee

- 1. For the proper implementation of this Agreement the Joint Committee shall, upon request of any Party, meet whenever necessary but normally every two years.
- 2. The Joint Committee shall act by common agreement.
- 3. If a representative in the Joint Committee of a Party has accepted a decision subject to the fulfilment of constitutional requirements, the decision shall enter into force, if no later date is contained therein, on the date at which the lifting of the reservation is notified.
- 4. For the purpose of this Agreement the Joint Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure which shall, inter alia, contain provisions for convening meetings and for the designation of the Chairman and his/her term of office.

5. The Joint Committee may decide to set up such sub-committees and working parties, as it considers necessary to assist it in accomplishing its tasks.

ARTICLE 36

Fulfilment of obligations and consultations

- 1. The Parties shall take all necessary measures to ensure the fulfilment of their obligations under this Agreement. Should any divergency with respect to the interpretation and application of this Agreement arise, the Parties shall make every attempt through co-operation and consultations to arrive at a mutually satisfactory resolution.
- 2. Any Party may request in writing consultations with any other Party regarding any actual or proposed measure or any other matter that it considers might affect the operation of this Agreement. The Party requesting consultations shall at the same time notify the other Parties in writing thereof and supply all relevant information.
- 3. The consultations shall take place in the Joint Committee if any of the Parties so request within 30 days from the receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph 2, with a view to finding a commonly acceptable solution.

ARTICLE 37

Provisional measures

If an EFTA State considers that Tunisia has, or if Tunisia considers that an EFTA State has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement and the Joint Committee has failed to arrive at a commonly acceptable solution within 3 months, the Party concerned may take such provisional rebalancing measures as are appropriate and strictly necessary to remedy the imbalance. Priority shall be given to such measures as will least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. The measures taken shall be notified immediately to the Parties and to the Joint Committee, which shall hold regular consultations with a view to their abolition. The measures shall be abolished when conditions no longer justify their maintenance, or, if the dispute is submitted to arbitration, when an arbitral award has been rendered and complied with.

ARTICLE 38

Arbitration

1. Disputes between the Parties, relating to the interpretation of rights and obligations under this Agreement, which have not been settled through direct consultations or in the Joint Committee within 90 days from the date of the receipt of the request for consultations, may be referred to arbitration by any Party to the dispute by means of a written notification addressed to the other Party to the dispute. A copy of this notification shall be communicated to all Parties. Where more than one Party