#### **PROTOCOL 4**

## concerning the definition of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation

#### TITLE I

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

#### Article 1

#### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Protocol:

- (a) 'manufacture' means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
- (b) 'material' means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
- (c) 'product' means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (d) 'goods' means both materials and products;
- (e) 'customs value' means the value as determined in accordance with the Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade of 1994 (WTO Agreement on customs valuation);
- (f) 'ex-works price' means the price paid for the product ex-works to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, including the value of all the materials used, minus all internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (g) 'value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the territories concerned;
- (h) 'value of originating materials' means the customs value of such materials as defined in point (g) applied mutatis mutandis;
- (i) 'chapters' and 'headings' means the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System, referred to in this Protocol as 'the Harmonized System' or 'HS';

- (j) 'classified' refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;
- (k) 'consignment' means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice.

#### TITLE II

#### DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF 'ORIGINATING PRODUCTS'

#### Article 2

## Origin criteria

For the purpose of implementing this Agreement and without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 3, 4 and 5 of this Protocol, the following products shall be considered as:

- (1) products originating in the Community:
  - (a) products wholly obtained in the Community, within the meaning of Article 6 of this Protocol;
  - (b) products obtained in the Community which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that the said materials have undergone sufficient working and processing in the Community within the meaning of Article 7 of this Protocol;
- (2) products originating in Morocco:
  - (a) products wholly obtained in Morocco within the meaning of Article 6 of this Protocol;
  - (b) products obtained in Morocco which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that the said materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in Morocco within the meaning of Article 7 of this Protocol.

## **Bilateral** cumulation

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 2(1)(b), materials originating in Morocco within the meaning of this Protocol shall be considered as materials originating in the Community and it shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing there, provided however that they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 8 of this Protocol.
- 2. Notwithstanding Article 2(2)(b), materials originating in the Community within the meaning of this Protocol shall be considered as materials originating in Morocco and it shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone working or processing there, provided however that they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 8 of this Protocol.

#### Article 4

## Cumulation with materials originating in Algeria and Tunisia

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 2(1)(b) and subject to the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4, materials originating in Algeria or Tunisia within the meaning of Protocol 2 annexed to the Agreements between the Community and these countries shall be considered as originating in the Community and it shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing, on condition however that they have undergone working or processing beyond that referred to in Article 8 of this Protocol.
- 2. Notwithstanding Article 2(2)(b) and subject to the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4, materials originating in Algeria or Tunisia within the meaning of Protocol 2 annexed to the Agreements between the Community and these countries shall be considered as originating in Morocco and it shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing, on condition however that they have undergone working or processing beyond that referred to in Article 8 of this Protocol.
- 3. The provisions set out in paragraphs 1 and 2 concerning materials originating in Algeria are only applicable to the extent that trade between the Community and Algeria, and between Morocco and Algeria, is governed by identical rules of origin.
- 4. The provisions set out in paragraphs 1 and 2 concerning materials originating in Tunisia are only applicable to the extent that trade between the Community and Tunisia and between Morocco and Tunisia, is governed by identical rules of origin.

## Article 5

## Cumulation of working or processing

1. For the purpose of implementing Article 2(1)(b), working or processing carried out in Morocco, or, when the conditions

required by Article 4(3) and (4) are fulfilled, in Algeria or in Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in the Community when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in the Community.

- 2. For the purpose of implementing Article 2(2)(b), working or processing carried out in the Community or, when the conditions required by Article 4(3) and (4) are fulfilled, in Algeria or in Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in Morocco when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Morocco.
- 3. Where pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 1 or 2 the originating products are obtained in two or more of the States referred to in those provisions or in the Community, they shall be considered as originating products of the State or the Community according to where the last working or processing took place, provided that that working or processing went beyond that referred to in Article 8.

## Article 6

## Wholly obtained products

- 1. Within the meaning of Article 2(1)(a) and (2)(a), the following shall be considered as 'wholly obtained' either in the Community or in Morocco:
- (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed:
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea by their vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials, including used tyres fit only for retreading or use as waste;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;

- (j) products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside their territorial waters provided that they have sole rights to work that soil or subsoil;
- (k) goods produced exclusively from products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (j).
- 2. The terms 'their vessels' and 'their factory ships' in paragraph 1(f) and (g) shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:
- which are registered or recorded in a Member State or in Morocco,
- which sail under the flag of a Member State or of Morocco,
- which are owned to the extent of at least 50% by nationals of Member States or of Morocco, or by a company with its head office in a Member State or in Morocco, of which the manager or managers, chairman of the board of directors or the supervisory board and the majority of the members of such boards are nationals of Member States or of Morocco and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to Member States or Morocco, to public bodies or to nationals of the Member States or Morocco,
- of which the master and officers are nationals of Member States or of Morocco.
- of which at least 75% of the crew are nationals of Member States or of Morocco.
- 3. In so far as trade between Morocco or the Community and Algeria or Tunisia are covered by identical rules of origin, the terms 'their vessels' and 'their factory ships' in paragraph 1(f) and (g) shall also apply to Algerian or Tunisian vessels or factory ships within the meaning of paragraph 2.
- 4. The terms 'Morocco' and the 'Community' shall also cover the territorial waters which surround Morocco and the Member States of the Community.

Vessels operating on the high seas, including factory ships on which the fish caught is worked or processed, shall be considered as part of the territory of the Community or of Morocco provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in paragraph 2.

#### Article 7

## Sufficiently worked or processed products

1. For the purposes of Article 2, non-originating materials are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the product obtained is classified in a heading which is different

from that in which all the non-originating materials used in its manufacture are classified, subject to paragraph 2 and Article 8.

2. For a product mentioned in Columns 1 and 2 of the list in Annex 2, the conditions set out in Column 3 for the product concerned must be fulfilled instead of the rule set out in paragraph 1.

For the products falling under Chapters 84 to 91, as an alternative to satisfying the conditions set out in Column 3, the exporter may opt to apply the conditions set out in Column 4 instead.

Where in the list in Annex 2 a percentage rule is applied in determining the originating status of a product obtained in the Community or in Morocco the value added by the working or processing shall correspond to the ex-works price of the product obtained, less the value of third-country materials imported into the Community or Morocco.

3. These conditions indicate, for all products covered by the Agreement, the working or processing which must be carried out on the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of these products, and apply only in relation to such materials. Accordingly, it follows that if a product, which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list for that product, is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

## Article 8

## Insufficient working or processing operations

For the purpose of implementing Article 7 the following shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not there is a change of heading:

- (a) operations to ensure the preservation of products in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading-out, drying, chilling, placing in brine, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations);
- (b) simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making-up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting-up;
- (c) (i) changes of packaging and division and assembly of packages;
  - (ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple packaging operations;

- (d) affixing marks, labels and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixture do not meet the conditions laid down in this Protocol to enable them to be considered as originating in the Community or in Morocco;
- (f) simple assembly of parts to constitute a complete product;
- (g) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f);
- (h) slaughter of animals.

## Unit of qualification

1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Protocol shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonised System.

Accordingly, it follows that:

- (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonised System under a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;
- (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonised System, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Protocol.
- 2. Where, under General Rule 5 of the Harmonised System, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be considered to form a whole with the product for the purposes of determining origin.

## Article 10

## Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as forming a whole with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

## Article 11

#### Sets

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonised System, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole

shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed  $15\,\%$  of the ex-works price of the set.

#### Article 12

## **Neutral elements**

In order to determine whether a product originates in the Community or in Morocco it shall not be necessary to establish whether the electrical energy, fuel, plant and equipment as well as machines and tools used to obtain such product, or whether any goods, used in the course of production which do not enter and which were not intended to enter into the final composition of the product, are originating or not.

#### TITLE III

## TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS

#### Article 13

## Principle of territoriality

The conditions set out in Title II relative to the acquisition of originating status must be fulfilled without interruption in the Community or in Morocco without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 4 and 5.

## Article 14

## Reimportation of goods

If originating products exported from the Community or Morocco to another country are returned, except in so far as provided for in Article 4 or 5 they must be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) the goods returned are the same goods as those exported;
   and
- (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.

## Article 15

## Direct transport

1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Agreement applies only to products or materials which are transported between the territories of the Community and Morocco or, when the provisions of Articles 4 and 5 are applied, of Algeria or Tunisia without entering any other

territory. However, goods originating in Morocco or in the Community and constituting one single consignment which is not split up may be transported through territory other than that of the Community or Morocco or, when the provisions of Article 3 apply, of Algeria or Tunisia temporary warehousing in such territory, provided that the goods have remained under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or of warehousing and that they have not undergone operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

Products originating in Morocco or in the Community may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of the Community or that of Morocco.

- 2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled may be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing country by the production of:
- (a) a through bill of lading issued in the exporting country covering the passage through the country of transit; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
  - (i) giving an exact description of the products;
  - (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships used; and
  - (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country; or
- (c) failing these, any substantiating documents.

#### Article 16

## **Exhibitions**

- 1. Products sent from one of the Contracting Parties for exhibition in a third country and sold after the exhibition for importation in another Contracting Party shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement on condition that the products meet the requirements of this Protocol entitling them to be recognised as originating in the Community or in Morocco and provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- (a) an exporter has consigned these products from one of the Contracting Parties to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in another Contracting Party;

- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter to the latter Contracting Party in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
- 2. A proof of origin must be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title IV and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the nature of the products and the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products and during which the products remain under customs control.

#### TITLE IV

#### PROOF OF ORIGIN

## Article 17

## EUR.1 movement certificate

Evidence of originating status of products, within the meaning of this Protocol, shall be given by an EUR.1 movement certificate, a specimen of which appears in Annex 3 to this Protocol.

#### Article 18

## Normal procedure for the issue of an EUR.1 movement certificate

- 1. An EUR.1 movement certificate shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.
- 2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill out both the EUR.1 movement certificate and the application form, specimens of which appear in Annex 3.

These forms shall be completed in one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up, in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products must be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

- 3. The exporter applying for the issue of an EUR.1 movement certificate shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country where the EUR.1 movement certificate is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
- 4. The EUR.1 movement certificate shall be issued by the customs authorities of a Member State of the European Community if the goods to be exported can be considered as products originating in the Community within the meaning of Article 2(1) of this Protocol. The EUR.1 movement certificate shall be issued by the customs authorities of Morocco; if the goods to be exported can be considered as products originating in Morocco within the meaning of Article 2(2) of this Protocol.
- 5. Where the cumulation provisions of Articles 2 to 5 are applied, the customs authorities of the Member States of the Community or of Morocco may issue EUR.1 movement certificates under the conditions laid down in this Protocol if the goods to be exported can be considered as products originating in the Community or in Morocco within the meaning of this Protocol and provided that the goods covered by the EUR.1 movement certificates are in the Community or in Morocco.

In these cases EUR.1 movement certificates shall be issued subject to the presentation of the proof of origin previously issued or made out. This proof of origin must be kept for at least three years by the customs authorities of the exporting State.

6. The issuing customs authorities shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.

The issuing customs authorities shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.

- 7. The date of issue of the EUR.1 movement certificate shall be indicated in the part of the certificate reserved for the customs authorities.
- 8. An EUR.1 movement certificate shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country when the products to which it relates are exported. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

#### Article 19

## EUR.1 movement certificates issued retrospectively

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 18(8), an EUR.1 movement certificate may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
- (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances;
- (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that an EUR.1 movement certificate was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.
- 2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter must indicate in this application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the EUR.1 movement certificate relates, and state the reasons for his request.
- 3. The customs authorities may issue an EUR.1 movement certificate retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.
- 4. EUR.1 movement certificates issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases:

'NACHTRÄGLICH AUSGESTELLT', 'DÉLIVRÉ A POSTERIORI', 'RILASCIATO A POSTERIORI', 'AFGEGEVEN A POSTERIORI', 'ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY', 'UDSTEDT EFTERFØLGENDE', 'ΕΚΔΟΘΕΝ ΕΚ ΤΩΝ ΥΣΤΕΡΩΝ', 'EXPEDIDO A POSTERIORI', 'EMITIDO A POSTERIORI', 'ANNETTU JÄLKIKÄTEEN', 'UTFÄRDAT I EFTERHAND', 'TANETTU JÄLKIKÄTEEN', 'UTFÄRDAT I EFTERHAND', 'TANETTU JÄLKIKÄTEN', 'UTFÄRDAT I EFTERHAND', 'TANETTU JÄLKIKÄT EN 'UTFÄRDAT I EFTERHAND', 'TANETTU JÄLKIKÄT EN 'UTFÄRDAT I EFTERHAND', 'TANETTU JÄLKIKÄT EN 'UTFÄR 'UT

5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in the 'Remarks' box of the EUR.1 movement certificate.

## Article 20

## Issue of a duplicate EUR.1 movement certificate

- 1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of an EUR.1 movement certificate, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
- 2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words:

'DUPLIKAT', 'DUPLICATA', 'DUPLICATO', 'DUPLICAAT', 'DUPLICATE', 'ANTIΓΡΑΦΟ', 'DUPLICADO', 'SEGUNDA VIA', 'KAKSOISKAPPALE', ' 

L. ''.

- 3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2, the date of issue and the serial number of the original certificate shall be inserted in the 'Remarks' box of the duplicate EUR.1 movement certificate.
- 4. The duplicate, which must bear the date of issue of the original EUR.1 movement certificate, shall take effect as from that date.

## Replacement of certificates

- 1. It shall at any time be possible to replace one or more EUR.1 movement certificates by one or more other certificates provided that this is done by the customs office responsible for controlling the goods.
- 2. The replacement certificate shall be regarded as a definite EUR.1 movement certificate for the purpose of the application of this Protocol, including the provisions of this Article.
- 3. The replacement certificate shall be issued on the basis of a written request from the re-exporter, after the authorities concerned have verified the information supplied in the applicant's request. The date and serial number of the original EUR.1 movement certificate shall be given in box 7.

## Article 22

## Simplified procedure for the issue of certificates

- 1. By way of derogation from Articles 18, 19 and 20 of this Protocol, a simplified procedure for the issue of EUR.1 movement certificates can be used in accordance with the following provisions.
- 2. The customs authorities in the exporting State may authorise any exporter, hereinafter referred to as 'approved exporter', making frequent shipments for which EUR.1 movement certificates may be issued and who offers, to the satisfaction of the competent authorities, all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products, not to submit at the time of export to the customs office of the exporting State or territory either the goods or the application for an EUR.1 certificate relating to those goods, for the purpose of obtaining an EUR.1 certificate under the conditions laid down in Article 18 of this Protocol.
- 3. The authorisation referred to in paragraph 2 shall stipulate, at the choice of the competent authorities, that box 11 'Customs endorsement' of the EUR.1 movement certificate must:
- (a) either be endorsed beforehand with the stamp of the competent customs office of the exporting State and the signature, which may be a facsimile, of an official of that office; or

- (b) be endorsed by the approved exporter with a special stamp which has been approved by the customs authorities of the exporting State and corresponds to the specimen given in Annex 5 of this Protocol. Such stamp may be pre-printed on the forms.
- 4. In the cases referred to in paragraph 3(a), one of the following phrases shall be entered in box 7 'Remarks' of the EUR.1 movement certificate:

PROCEDIMIENTO SIMPLIFICADO', 'FORENKLET PROCEDURE', 'VEREINFACHTES VERFAHREN', 'ΑΠΛΟΥΣΤΕΥΜΈΝΗ ΔΙΑΔΙΚΑΣΙΑ', 'SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURE', 'PROCÉDURE SIMPLIFIÉE', 'PROCEDURA SEMPLIFICATA', VEREENVOUDIGDE PROCEDURE', 'PROCEDIMENTO SIMPLIFICADO', 'YKSINKERTAISTETTU MENETTELY', 'FÖRENKLAD PROCEDUR', '

- 5. Box 11 'Customs endorsement' of the EUR.1 certificate shall be completed if necessary by the approved exporter.
- 6. The approved exporter shall, if necessary, indicate in box 13 'Request for verification' of the EUR.1 certificate the name and address of the authority competent to verify such a certificate.
- 7. Where the simplified procedure is applied, the customs authorities of the exporting State may prescribe the use of EUR.1 certificates bearing a distinctive sign by which they may be identified.
- 8. In the authorisation referred to in paragraph 2 the competent authorities shall specify in particular:
- (a) the conditions under which the applications for EUR.1 certificates are to be made;
- (b) the conditions under which these applications are to be kept for at least three years;
- (c) in the cases referred to in paragraph 3(b) the authority competent to carry out the subsequent verification referred to in Article 33 of this Protocol.
- 9. The customs authorities of the exporting State may declare certain categories of goods ineligible for the special treatment provided for in paragraph 2.
- 10. The customs authorities shall refuse the authorisation referred to in paragraph 2 to exporters who do not offer all the guarantees which they consider necessary. The competent authorities may withdraw the authorisation at any time. They must do so where the approved exporter no longer satisfies the conditions or no longer offers these guarantees.

- 11. The approved exporter may be required to inform the competent authorities, in accordance with the rules which they lay down, of the goods to be dispatched by him, so that such authorities may make any verification they think necessary before the departure of the goods.
- 12. The customs authorities of the exporting State may carry out any check on approved exporters which they consider necessary. Such exporters must allow this to be done.
- 13. The provisions of this Article shall be without prejudice to the application of the rules of the Community, the Member States and Morocco concerning customs formalities and the use of customs documents.

### Information certificate and declaration

- 1. When Articles 3, 4 and 5 are applied for the issue of an EUR.1 movement certificate the competent customs office in the State requested to issue the certificate for products in the manufacture of which products coming from Algeria, Tunisia or the Community are used, shall take into consideration the declaration, of which a specimen is given in Annex 6, given by the exporter in the State from which it came, either on the commercial invoice applicable to these products, or on a supporting document to that invoice.
- 2. The submission of the information certificate, issued under the conditions set out in paragraph 3 and of which a specimen is given in Annex 7, may however be requested of the exporter by the customs office concerned, either for checking the authenticity and accuracy of information given on the declaration provided for in paragraph 1, or for obtaining additional information.
- 3. The information certificate concerning the products taken into use shall be issued at the request of the exporter of these products, either in the circumstances envisaged in paragraph 2, or at the initiative of this exporter, by the competent customs office in the State from which these goods were exported. It shall be made out in duplicate. One copy shall be given to the exporter who has requested it, who shall send it either to the exporter of the final products or to the customs office where the issue of the EUR.1 movement certificate for these products has been requested. The second copy shall be preserved by the office which has issued it for at least three years.

## Article 24

## Validity of proof of origin

- 1. An EUR.1 movement certificate shall be valid for four months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within the said period to the customs authorities of the importing country.
- 2. EUR.1 movement certificates which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final

date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to reasons of *force majeure* or exceptional circumstances.

3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the EUR.1 movement certificates where the products have been submitted to them before the said final date.

## Article 25

## Submission of proof of origin

EUR.1 movement certificates shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. The said authorities may require a translation of an EUR.1 movement certificate or an invoice declaration. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the goods meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

#### Article 26

## Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing country, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the Harmonised System falling within Chapters 84 and 85 of the Harmonised System are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

## Article 27

## Invoice declaration

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 17, the evidence of originating status, within the meaning of this Protocol, may be given by an invoice declaration, the text of which appears in Annex 4 to this Protocol, made by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or other commercial document (hereafter referred to as 'invoice declaration') describing the products concerned in sufficient detail as to permit the identification of consignments containing only originating products and whose value does not exceed ECU 5 110 per consignment.
- 2. The invoice declaration shall be completed and signed by the exporter or, under the exporters responsibility, by his authorised representative in accordance with this Protocol.
- 3. An invoice declaration shall be completed for each consignment.

- 4. The exporter who applied for the invoice declaration shall submit at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting State all supporting documents concerning the use of this form.
- 5. Articles 24 and 25 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the invoice declaration.

## Exemptions from formal proof of origin

- 1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a formal proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Protocol and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration can be made on the customs declaration C2/CP3 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
- 2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
- 3. Furthermore, the total value of these products must not exceed ECU 500 in the case of small packages or ECU 1 200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

## Article 29

## Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents

- 1. The exporter applying for the issue of an EUR.1 movement certificate shall keep for at least three years the documents referred to in Article 18(1) and (3).
- 2. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall keep for at least three years a copy of this invoice declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 27(1).
- 3. The customs authorities of the exporting country issuing an EUR.1 movement certificate shall keep for at least three years the application form referred to in Article 18(2).
- 4. The customs authorities of the importing country shall keep for at least three years the EUR.1 movement certificates submitted to them.

#### Article 30

## Discrepancies and formal errors

- 1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in an EUR.1 movement certificate, or in an invoice declaration and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not *ipso facto* render the EUR.1 movement certificate, or the invoice declaration null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.
- 2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on an EUR.1 movement certificate, or an invoice declaration should not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.

#### Article 31

## Amounts expressed in ecu

1. Amounts in the national currency of the exporting country equivalent to the amounts expressed in ecu shall be fixed by the exporting country and communicated to the other Contracting Parties. When the amounts exceed the corresponding amounts fixed by the importing country, the latter shall accept them if the products are invoiced in the currency of the exporting country or in the currency of one of the other countries referred to in Article 4 of this Protocol.

If the goods are invoiced in the currency of another Member State of the Community the importing State shall recognise the amount notified by the country concerned.

2. Up to and including 30 April 2000, the amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the amounts expressed in ecu as at 1 October 1994.

For each successive period of five years, the amounts expressed in ecu and their equivalents in the national currencies of the States shall be reviewed by the Association Council on the basis of the exchange rates of the ecu on the first working day of October in the year immediately preceding that five-year period.

When carrying out this review, the Association Council shall ensure that there will be no decrease in the amounts to be used in any national currency and shall furthermore consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For this purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in ecu.

#### TITLE V

#### ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

#### Article 32

## Communication of stamps and addresses

The customs authorities of the Member States and of Morocco shall provide each other, through the Commission of the European Communities, with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of EUR.1 certificates and with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for issuing EUR.1 movement certificates and for verifying those certificates and invoice declarations.

#### Article 33

# Verification of EUR.1 movement certificates, invoice declarations and information certificates

- 1. Subsequent verification of EUR.1 movement certificates and invoice declarations shall be carried out randomly or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reason to doubt the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
- 2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing country shall return the EUR.1 movement certificate, the invoice declaration, or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form for an inquiry.

In order to assist the verification, the customs authorities shall provide all the necessary documents and any information collected which indicate that the information on the EUR.1 certificate or the invoice declaration is incorrect.

- 3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting country. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.
- 4. If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, they shall offer to release the products to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

- 5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification within a maximum of 10 months. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as originating products and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol.
- 6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within 10 months or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.
- 7. The subsequent verification of information certificates provided for by Article 23 shall be carried out in the cases mentioned in paragraph 1 and in accordance with the procedures laid down in paragraphs 2 to 6.

#### Article 34

## Dispute settlement

Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures of Article 33 which cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting a verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out this verification or where they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Protocol, they shall be submitted to the Customs Cooperation Committee.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing State shall be under the legislation of the said State.

#### Article 35

## **Penalties**

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

## Article 36

## Free zones

- 1. The Member States and Morocco shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of an EUR.1 movement certificate, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and that they do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By means of an exemption to the provisions contained in paragraph 1, when products originating in the Community or in Morocco and imported into a free zone under cover of an

EUR.1 certificate undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned must issue a new EUR.1 certificate at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone is in conformity with the provisions of this Protocol.

#### TITLE VI

## CEUTA AND MELILLA

#### Article 37

## **Application of the Protocol**

- 1. The term 'Community' used in this Protocol does not cover Ceuta or Melilla. The term 'products originating in the Community' does not cover products originating in these zones.
- 2. This Protocol shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, subject to particular conditions set out in Article 38.

#### Article 38

## Special conditions

- 1. The following provisions shall apply instead of Articles 2 to 4(1) and (2) and references to these Articles shall apply mutatis mutandis to this Article.
- 2. Providing they have been transported directly in accordance with the provisions of Article 15, the following shall be considered as:
- (1) products originating in Ceuta and Melilla:
  - (a) products wholly obtained in Ceuta and Melilla;
  - (b) products obtained in Ceuta and Melilla in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that:
    - (i) the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 7 of this Protocol;

or that

(ii) those products originate in Morocco or the Community within the meaning of this Protocol, or, when the conditions required in Article 4(3) and (4) are fulfilled, from Algeria or from Tunisia, provided that they have been submitted to working

or processing which goes beyond the insufficient working or processing referred to in Article 8;

- (2) products originating in Morocco:
  - (a) products wholly obtained in Morocco;
  - (b) products obtained in Morocco, in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that:
    - the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 7 of this Protocol;

or that

- (ii) those products are originating in Ceuta and Melilla or the Community within the meaning of this Protocol, or when the conditions required in Article 4(3) and (4) are fulfilled from Algeria or from Tunisia provided that they have been submitted to working or processing which goes beyond the insufficient working or processing referred to in Article 8.
- 3. Ceuta and Melilla shall be considered as a single territory.
- 4. The exporter or his authorised representative shall enter 'Morocco' and 'Ceuta and Melilla' in box 2 of EUR.1 movement certificates. In addition, in the case of products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, this shall be indicated in box 4 of EUR.1 movement certificates.
- 5. The Spanish customs authorities shall be responsible for the application of this Protocol in Ceuta and Melilla.

## TITLE VII

## FINAL PROVISIONS

## Article 39

## Amendments to the Protocol

The Association Council may decide to amend the provisions of this Protocol at the request of one of the Contracting Parties or of the Customs Cooperation Committee.

#### Article 40

## **Customs Cooperation Committee**

- 1. A Customs Cooperation Committee shall be set up, charged with carrying out administrative cooperation with a view to the correct and uniform application of this Protocol and with carrying out any other tasks in the customs field which may be entrusted to it.
- 2. The Committee shall be composed, on the one hand, of experts of the Member States and of officials of the Commission of the European Communities who are

responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of experts nominated by Morocco.

## Article 41

#### Annexes

The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

## Article 42

## Implementation of the Protocol

The Community and Morocco shall each take the steps necessary to implement this Protocol.

## Article 43

## Arrangements with Algeria and Tunisia

The Contracting Parties shall take any measures necessary for the conclusion of arrangements with Algeria and Tunisia enabling this Protocol to be applied. The Contracting Parties shall notify each other of measures taken to this effect.

#### Article 44

## Goods in transit or storage

The provisions of the Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of this Protocol and which on the date of entry into force of the Agreement are either in transit or are in the Community or in Morocco or, in so far as the provisions of Articles 3, 4 and 5 are applicable, in Algeria or Tunisia in temporary storage in bonded warehouses or in free zones, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing State, within four months of that date, of an EUR.1 certificate endorsed retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly.

#### ANNEX I

#### **INTRODUCTORY NOTES**

#### FOREWORD

These notes shall apply, where appropriate, to all manufactured products using non-originating materials, even if they are not subject to specific conditions contained in the list in Annex II but are subject instead to the change of heading rule set out in Article 7(1).

#### Note 1

- 1.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number, or the chapter number, used in the Harmonised System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns a rule is specified in Columns 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an 'ex', this signifies that the rule in Columns 3 or 4 only applies to the part of that heading or chapter as described in Column 2.
- 1.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in Column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of product in Column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rule in Columns 3 or 4 applies to all products which, under the Harmonised System, are calssified within headings of the chapter or within any of the headings grouped together in Column 1.

#### Note 2

- 2.1. In the case of any heading not in the list or any part of a heading that is not in the list, the 'change of heading' rule set out in Article 7(1) applies. If a 'change of heading' condition applies to any entry in the list, then it is contained in the rule in Column 3.
- 2.2. The working or processing required by a rule in Column 3 has to be carried out only in relation to the non-originating materials used. The restrictions contained in a rule in Column 3 likewise apply only to the non-originating materials used.
- 2.3. Where a rule states that 'materials of any heading' may be used, materials of the same heading as the product may also be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression 'manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No ...' means that only materials classified in the same heading as the product of a different description than that of the product as given in Column 2 of the list may be used.
- 2.4. If a product made from non-originating materials which has acquired originating status during manufacture by virtue of the change of heading rule or its own list rule is used as a material in the process of manufacture of another product, then the rule applicable to the product in which it is incorporated does not apply to it.

## For example:

An engine of heading No 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40% of the ex-works price, is made from 'other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging' of heading No 7224.

If this forging has been forged in the country concerned from a non-originating ingot then the forging has already acquired origin by virtue of the rule for heading No ex 7224 in the list. It can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or another. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

2.5. Even if the change of heading rule or the other rules contained in the list are satisfied, a product shall not acquire originating status if the processing carried out, taken as a whole, is insufficient within the meaning of Article 6.

#### Note 3

- 3.1. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required and the carrying-out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying-out of less working or processing cannot confer origin. Thus if a rule says that non-originating material at a certain level of manufacture may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.2. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that any one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

For example:

The rule for fabrics say that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; one can use one or the other or both.

If, however, a restriction applies to one material and other restrictions apply to other materials in the same rule, then the restrictions only apply to the materials actually used.

For example:

The rule for sewing machines specifies that both the thread tension mechanism used and the zigzag mechanism used must originate; these two restrictions only apply if the mechanisms concerned are actually incorporated into the sewing machine.

3.3. When a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule.

For example:

The rule for heading No 1904 which specifically excludes the use of cereals or their derivatives does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not produced from cereals.

For example:

In the case of an article made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn that is the fibre stage.

See also Note 6.3 in relation to textiles.

3.4. If in a rule in the list two or more percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. The maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the highest of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded in relation to the particular materials they apply to.

## Note 4

- 4.1. The term 'natural fibres' is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres and is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, the term 'natural fibres' includes fibres that have been carded, combed or otherwise processed but not spun.
- 4.2. The term 'natural fibres' includes horsehair of heading No 0503, silk of heading Nos 5002 and 5003 as well as the wool fibres, fine or coarse animal hair of heading Nos 5101 to 5105, the cotton fibres of heading Nos 5201 to 5203 and the other vegetable fibres of heading Nos 5301 to 5305.
- 4.3. The terms 'textile pulp', 'chemical materials' and 'paper-making materials' are used in the list to describe the materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.

4.4. The term 'man-made staple fibres' is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings Nos 5501 to 5507.

#### Note 5

- 5.1. In the case of the products classified within those headings in the list to which a reference is made to this note, the conditions set out in Column 3 of the list shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in their manufacture which, taken together, represent 10% or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used (but see also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below).
- 5.2. However, this tolerance may only be applied to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk,
- wool.
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres.

## For example:

A yarn of heading No 5205 made from cotton fibres of heading No 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading No 5506 is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used up to a weight of 10% of the yarn.

For example:

A woollen fabric of heading No 5112 made from woollen yarn of heading No 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading No 5509 is a mixed fabric. Therefore synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) or woollen yarn that does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two may be used up to a weight of 10% of the fabric.

For example:

Tufted textile fabric of heading No 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and cotton fabric of heading No 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric being made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

For example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading No 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is accordingly a mixed product.

For example:

A carpet with tufts made from both artificial yarns and cotton yarns and with a jute backing is a mixed product because three basic textile materials are used. Thus, any non-originating materials that are at a later stage of manufacture than the rule allows may be used, provided their total weight taken together does not exceed 10% of the weight of the textile materials in the carpet. Thus, both the jute backing and/or the artificial yarns could be imported at that stage of manufacture, provided the weight conditions are met.

- 5.3. In the case of fabrics incorporating 'yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped' this tolerance is 20% in respect of this yarn.
- 5.4. In the case of fabrics incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of an adhesive between two films of plastic film, this tolerance is 30% in respect of this strip.

#### Note 6

- 6.1. In the case of those textile products which are marked in the list by a footnote referring to this note, textile materials with the exception of linings and interlinings which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in Column 3 for the made-up products concerned may be used provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8% of the ex-works price of the product.
- 6.2. Materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 may be used freely, whether or not they contain textiles.

For example:

If a rule in the list provides that for a particular textile item, such as trousers, yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because buttons are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide-fasteners even though slide-fasteners normally contain textiles.

6.3. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of trimmings and accessories must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

## Note 7

- 7.1. For the purposes of heading Nos ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the 'specific processes' are the following:
  - (a) vacuum distillation;
  - (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process (1);
  - (c) cracking;
  - (d) reforming;
  - (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
  - (f) the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolorisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
  - (g) polymerisation;
  - (h) alkylation;
  - (i) isomerisation.
- 7.2. For the purposes of heading Nos 2710, 2711 and 2712, the 'specific processes' are the following:
  - (a) vacuum distillation;
  - (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
  - (c) cracking;
  - (d) reforming;

<sup>(1)</sup> See Additional Explanatory Note 4(b) to Chapter 27 of the Combined Nomenclature.

- (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- (f) the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolorisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- (g) polymerisation;
- (h) alkylation;
- (ij) isomerisation;
- (k) (in respect of heavy oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only) desulphurisation with hydrogen resulting in a reduction of at least 85% of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
- (l) (in respect of products falling within heading No 2710 only) deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
- (m) (in respect of heavy oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only) treatment with hydrogen at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250°C with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment with hydrogen of lubricating oils of heading No ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolorisation) in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
- (n) (in respect of fuel oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only) atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30% of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300°C by the ASTM D 86 method;
- (o) (in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only) treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush-discharge.
- 7.3. For the purposes of heading Nos ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marketing obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, any combination of these operations or like operations do not confer origin.

# ${\it ANNEX~II}$ LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON-ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER THAT THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED CAN OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS

HS heading No	Description	Working or processing carried out on non-original	inating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3) 0.	r (4)
0201	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	Manufacture from materials of any heading except meat of bovine animals, frozen of heading No 0202	
0202	Meat of bovine animals, frozen	Manufacture from materials of any heading except meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled of heading No 0201	
0206	Edible offal of bovine animals, swine, sheep, goats, horses, asses, mules or hinnies, fresh, chilled or frozen	Manufacture from materials of any heading except carcases of headings Nos 0201 to 0205	
0210	Meat and edible meat offal, salted, in brine, dried or smoked; edible flours and meals of meat or meat offal	Manufacture from materials of any heading except meat and offal of heading Nos 0201 to 0206 and 0208 or poultry liver of heading No 0207	
0302 to 0305	Fish, other than live fish	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholly obtained,	
0402, 0404 to 0406	Dairy products	Manufacture from materials of any heading except milk or cream of heading No 0401 or 0402	
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit or cocoa	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials of Chapter 4 used must be wholly obtained  — any fruit juice (except those of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of heading No 2009 used must be wholly obtained, and  — the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
0408	Birds' eggs, not in shell and egg yolks, fresh, dried, cooked, by boiling in water, moulded, frozen or otherwise preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture from materials of any heading except birds' eggs of heading No 0407	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 0502	Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair	Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair	
ex 0506	Bones and horn-cores unworked	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 0710 to ex 0713	Edible vegetables, frozen or dried, provisionally preserved except for heading Nos ex 0710 and ex 0711 for which the rules are set out below	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used must be wholly obtained	
ex 0710	Sweetcorn (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water), frozen	Manufacture from fresh or chilled sweetcorn	
ex 0711	Sweetcorn, provisionally preserved	Manufacture from fresh or chilled sweetcorn	
0811	Fruit and nuts, uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water, frozen, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter:		
	— containing added sugar	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the value of the ex-works price of the product	
	— other	Manufacture in which all the fruit or nuts used must be wholly obtained	
0812	Fruit and nuts provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Manufacture in which all the fruit or nuts used must be wholly obtained	
0813	Fruit, dried, other than that of heading Nos 0801 to 0806; mixtures of nuts or dried fruits of this chapter	Manufacture in which all the fruit or nuts used must be wholly obtained	
0814	Peel of citrus fruit or melons (including watermelons), fresh, frozen, dried or provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions	Manufacture in which all the fruit or nuts used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry; malt, starches; inulin; wheat gluten, except for heading No ex 1106 for which the rule is set out below	Manufacture in which all the cereals, edible vegetables, roots and tubers of heading No 0714 or fruit used must be wholly obtained	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 1106	Flour and meal of the dried, shelled leguminous vegetables of heading No 0713	Drying and milling of leguminous vegetables of heading No 0708	
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of heading No 1301 used may not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
1501	Lard; other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered, whether or not pressed or solvent-extracted:		
	— Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading except those of heading Nos 0203, 0206 or 0207 or bones of heading No 0506	
	— Other	Manufacture from meat or edible offal of swine of heading No 0203 or 0206 or of meat and edible offal of poultry of heading No 0207	
1502	Fats of bovine animals; sheep or goats, raw or rendered, whether or not pressed or solvent-extracted:		
	— Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading except those of heading Nos 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 or bones of heading No 0506	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the animal materials of Chapter 2 used must be wholly obtained	
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	Solid fractions of fish oils and fats and oils of marine mammals	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1504	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the animal materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1505	Refined lanolin	Manufacture from crude wool grease of heading No 1505	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
1506	Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	— Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1506	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the animal materials of Chapter 2 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1507 to 1515	Fixed vegetable oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	Solid fractions, except for that of Jojoba oil	Manufacture from other materials of heading Nos 1507 to 1515	
	Other, except for:      Lung oil; myrtle wax and Japan wax	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used must be wholly obtained	
	Those for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption		
ex 1516	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, re-esterified, whether or not refined but not further prepared	Manufacture in which all the animal and vegetable materials used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1517	Edible liquid mixtures of vegetable oils of heading Nos 1507 to 1515	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1519	Industrial fatty alcohols having the character of artificial waxes	Manufacture from materials of any heading including fatty acids of heading No 1519	
1601	Sausages and similar products, of meat, meat offal or blood; food preparations based on these products	Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1	
1602	Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood	Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1	
1603	Extracts and juices of meat, fish or crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1. However, all fish, crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates used must be wholly obtained	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
1604	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes prepared from fish eggs	Manufacture in which all the fish or fish eggs used must be wholly obtained	
1605	Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved	Manufacture in which all the crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
1702	Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:		
	Chemically pure maltose and fructose	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1702	
	Other sugars in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used must already be originating	
ex 1703	Molasses resulting from the extraction of refining of sugar, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
1704	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any other materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any other materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
1901	Malt extract; food preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa powder or containing cocoa powder in a proportion by weight of less than 50%, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of heading Nos 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa powder or containing cocoa powder in a proportion by weight of less than 10%, not elsewhere specified or included:		
	— Malt extract	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any other materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared	Manufacture in which all the cereals (except durum wheat), meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs used must be wholly obtained	
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	Manufacture from materials of any heading except potato starch of heading No 1108	
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals, other than maize (corn), in grain form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared:		
	— Not containing cocoa	Manufacture in which:	
		all the cereals and flour (except maize of the species Zea indurata and durum wheat and their derivatives) used must be wholly obtained	
		and	
		the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Containing cocoa	Manufacture from materials not classified in heading No 1806, provided the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	



	100		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of Chapter 11	
2001	Vegetables, fruit nuts and other edible parts of plants, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the fruit, nuts or vegetables used must be wholly obtained	
2002	Tomatoes prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the tomatoes used must be wholly obtained	
2003	Mushrooms and truffles, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the vegetables used must be wholly obtained	
2004 and 2005	Other vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, frozen or not frozen	Manufacture in which all the vegetables used must be wholly obtained	
2006	Fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallised)	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
2008	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or spirit, not elsewhere specified or included:		
	Fruit and nuts cooked otherwise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen	Manufacture in which all the fruit and nuts used must be wholly obtained	
	Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirits	Manufacture in which the value of the originating nuts and oil seeds of heading Nos 0801, 0802 and 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Others	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2009	Fruit juices (including grape must), unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2101	Roasted chicory and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	Manufacture in which all the chicory used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2103	Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used	
	— Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour or meal	
ex 2104	Soups and broths and preparations therefor:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except prepared or preserved vegetables of heading Nos 2002 to 2005	
	— Homogenised composite food preparations	The rule for the heading in which the product would be classified in bulk shall apply	
ex 2106	Sugar syrups, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used must not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
2201	Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters and aerated waters, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter nor flavoured; ice and snow	Manufacture in which all the water used must be wholly obtained	
2202	Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading No 2009	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product, provided the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product and any fruit juice used (except for pineapple, lime and grapefruit juices) must be wholly obtained	
ex 2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines, and grape must with the addition of alcohol	Manufacture from other grape must	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2205, ex 2207, ex 2208 and ex 2209	The following, containing grape materials:  Vermouth and other wine of fresh grapes flavoured with plants or aromatic substances; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured or not; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages; vinegar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except grapes or any material derived from grapes	
ex 2208	Whiskies of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 50% vol	Manufacture in which the value of any cereal-based spirits used does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2303	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% by weight	Manufacture in which all the maize used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2306	Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3% of olive oil	Manufacture in which all the olives used must be wholly obtained	
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture in which all the cereals, sugar or molasses, must or milk used must be wholly obtained	
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes	Manufacture in which at least 70% by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2403	Smoking tobacco	Manufacture in which at least 70% by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials; lime and cement; except for heading Nos ex 2504, ex 2515, ex 2516, ex 2518, ex 2519, ex 2520, ex 2524, ex 2525 and ex 2530 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2504	Natural crystalline graphite, whith enriched carbon content, purified and ground	Enriching of the carbon content, purifying and grinding of crude crystalline graphite	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2515	Marble, merely cut by sawing or otherwise into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of marble (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2516	Granit, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, merely cut by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of stone (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2518	Calcined dolomite	Calcination of dolomite not calcined	
ex 2519	Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite), in hermetically sealed containers, and magnesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead burned (sintered) magnesia	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite) may be used	
ex 2520	Plasters specially prepared for dentistry	Manufacture in which all the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2524	Natural asbestos fibres	Manufacture from asbestos concentrate	
ex 2525	Mica powder	Grinding of mica or mica waste	
ex 2530	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Calcination or grinding of earth colours	
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for heading Nos ex 2707 and 2709 to 2715 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2707	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non-aromatic constituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65% by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250°C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)  Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	

 $<sup>(^{1})</sup>$  See Introductory Note 7 — Annex I.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2709	Crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Destructive distillation of bituminous materials	
2710 to 2712	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous materials, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations  Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons  Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)  Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
2713 to 2715	Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials  Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous or oil shale and tar sands; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks  Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)  Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds or precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes; except for heading Nos ex 2805, ex 2811, ex 2833 and ex 2840 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2805	'Mischmetall'	Manufacture by electrolytic or thermal treatment in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2811	Sulphur trioxide	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide	
ex 2833	Aluminium sulphate	Manufacture in which all the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	

 $<sup>(^1)</sup>$  See Introductory Note 7 — Annex I.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2840	Sodium perborate	Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for heading Nos ex 2901, ex 2902, ex 2905, 2915, 2932, 2933 and 2934 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)	
		Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2902	Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), benzene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (¹)	
		Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2905	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol or glycerol	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 2905. However, metal alcoholates of this heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
2915	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading Nos 2915 and 2916 used may not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
2932	Heterocyclic compounds with oxygen heteroatom(s) only:		
	Internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading No 2909 used may not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	

 $<sup>(^1)</sup>$  See Introductory Note 7 — Annex I.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2932 (cont'd)	Cyclic acetals and internal hemiacetals and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials or any heading	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen heteroatom(s) only: nucleic acids and their salts	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading Nos 2932 or 2933 used may not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
2934	Other heterocyclic compounds	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading Nos 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products; except for heading Nos 3002, 3003 and 3004 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products:		
	<ul> <li>Products consisting of two or more constituents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses or unmixed products for these uses, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale</li> </ul>	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other:		
	— human blood	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3002 (cont'd)	— animal blood prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
	blood fractions other than antisera, haemoglobin and serum globulin	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— haemoglobin, blood globulin and serum globulin	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3003 and 3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading Nos 3002, 3005 and 3006)	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading No 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product, and	
		— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 31	Fertilisers; except for heading No ex 3105 for which the rule is set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3105	Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing two or three of the fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium; other fertilisers; goods of this Chapter, in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg, except for:  — sodium nitrate  — calcium cyanamide	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used	
	<ul><li>— potassium sulphate</li><li>— magnesium potassium sulphate</li></ul>	does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannings and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3201	Tannins and their salts, esters, ethers, and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin	
3205	Colour lakes; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colour lakes (1)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except heading Nos 3203, 3204 and 3205. However, materials from heading No 3205 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations; except for heading No 3301, for which the rule is set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified with the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3301	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes and absolutes; resinoids; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by enfleurage or maceration; terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including materials of a different 'group' (²) in this heading. However, materials of the same group may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	

Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacturing of colouring preparations, provided they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.

A 'group' is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semi-colon.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, 'dental waxes' and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for heading Nos ex 3403 and 3404 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3403	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, provided they represent less than 70% by weight	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (1)	
		Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes:		
	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes with a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except:	
		hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading No 1516	
		fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading No 1519	
		— materials of heading No 3404	
		However, these materials may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	

<sup>(1)</sup> See Introductory Note 7 — Annex I.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for heading Nos 3505 and ex 3507 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches:		
	— Starch ethers and esters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3505	
	— Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading No 1108	
ex 3507	Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for heading Nos 3701, 3702 and 3704 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product.	
3701	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, whether or not in packs:		
	— Instant print film for colour photography, in packs	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading No 3702 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3701 (cont'd)	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading Nos 3701 and 3702 may be used provided their value taken together, does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3702	Photographic film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702	
3704	Photographic plates, film paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 to 3704	
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for heading Nos 3801, ex 3803, ex 3805, ex 3806, ex 3807, 3808 to 3814, 3818 to 3820, 3822 and 3823 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3801	Artificial graphite; colloidal or semi-colloidal graphite; preparations based on graphite or other carbon in the form of pastes or other semi-manufactures:		
	Colloidal graphite in suspension in oil and semi-colloidal graphite; carbonaceous pastes for electrodes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	Graphite in paste form, being a mixture of more than 30% by weight of graphite with mineral oils	Manufacture in which the value of all materials of heading No 3403 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3803	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3805	Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine	
ex 3806	Ester gums	Manufacture from resin acids	
ex 3807	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar	
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti-sprouting products and plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms of packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly-papers)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3810	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3811	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils:		
	Prepared additives for lubricating oil, containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 3811 used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; anti-oxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3813	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3814	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or vanish removers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3818	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared de-icing fluids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3822	Composite diagnostic or laboratory reagents, other than those of heading No 3002 or 3006	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3823	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included:		



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3823 (cont'd)	— The following of this heading:  — Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores based on natural resinous products  — Naphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters  — Sorbitol other than that of heading No 2905  — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts  — Ion exchangers  — Getters for vacuum tubes  — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas  — Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification  — Sulfonaphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	or (4)
	<ul> <li>Fusel oil and Dippel's oil</li> <li>Mixtures of salts having different anions</li> <li>Copying pastes with a basis of gelatin, whether or not on a paper or textile backing</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all	
		the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3901 to 3915	Plastics in primary forms, waste, parings and scrap, of plastic; except for heading No ex 3907 for which the rule is set out below:		
	— Addition homopolymerisation products	Manufacture in which:  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product, and	

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3901 to 3915 (cont'd)		the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture in which the value of the materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product (1)	
ex 3907	Copolymer, made from polycarbonate and acrylonitrilebutadiene-styrene copolymer (ABS)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product ( <sup>1</sup> )	
ex 3916 to 3921	Semi-manufactures and articles of plastics; except for heading Nos ex 3916, ex 3917, ex 3920 and ex 3921, for which the rules are set out below:		
	Flat products, further worked than only surface-worked or cut into forms other than rectangular or square; other products, further worked than only surface-worked	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other:		
	Addition homopolymerisation products	Manufacture in which:	
		the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product, and	
		the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product (1)	

<sup>(1)</sup> In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3916 and ex 3917	Profile shapes and tubes	Manufacture in which:	
		the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product, and	
		the value of any materials classified within the same heading as the product does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3920	Ionomer sheet or film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralised with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium	
ex 3921	Foils of plastic, metallised	Manufacture from highly transparent polyester foils with a thickness of less than 23 micron (1)	
3922 to 3926	Articles of plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof; except for heading Nos ex 4001, 4005, 4012 and ex 4017 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4001	Laminated slabs or crepe rubber for shoes	Lamination of sheets of natural rubber	
4005	Compound rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural rubber, does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
4012	Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, interchangeable tyre treads and tyre flaps, of rubber:		
	Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber	Retreading of used tyres	
	— Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading Nos 4011 or 4012	
ex 4017	Articles of hard rubber	Manufacture from hard rubber	

<sup>1)</sup> The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which — measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor) — is less than 2 %.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather; except for heading Nos ex 4102, 4104 to 4107 and 4109 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4102	Raw skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on	Removal of wool from sheep or lamb skins, with wool on	
4104 to 4107	Leather, without hair or wool, other than leather of heading No 4108 or 4109	Retanning of pre-tanned leather	
		Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the ex-works price of the product	
4109	Patent leather and patent laminated leather; metallised leather	Manufacture from leather of heading Nos 4104 to 4107 provided its value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for heading Nos ex 4302 and 4303 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4302	Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled:		
	— Plates, crosses and similar forms	Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cutting and assembly of non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins	
	— Other	Manufacture from non-assembled, tanned or dressed furskins	
4303	Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of furskin	Manufacture from non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading No 4302	
ex Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; except for heading Nos ex 4403, ex 4407, ex 4408, 4409, ex 4410 to ex 4413, ex 4415, ex 4416, 4418 and ex 4421 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4403	Wood roughly squared	Manufacture from wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 65 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Planing, sanding or finger-jointing	
ex 4408	Veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Splicing, planing, sanding or finger- jointing	
ex 4409	Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-joined, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or finger-jointed:		
	— Sanded or finger-jointed	Sanded or finger-jointing	
	— Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than of the product	
ex 4410 to ex 4413	Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards	Beading or moulding	
ex 4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood	Manufacture from boards not cut to size	
ex 4416	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood	Manufacture from riven staves, not further worked than sawn on the two principal surfaces	
4418	Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood, including cellular wood panels, assembled parquet panels, shingles and shakes:		
	— Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used	
	Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
4418 (cont'd)	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4421	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from wood of any heading except drawn wood of heading No 4409	
ex Chapter 45	Cork and articles of cork; except for heading No 4503 for which the rule is set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4503	Articles of natural cork	Manufacture from cork of heading No 4501	
Chapter 46	Manufacturers of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; waste and scrap of paper or paperboard	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for heading Nos ex 4811, 4816, 4817, ex 4818, ex 4819, ex 4820 and ex 4823 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4811	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared only	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
4816	Carbon paper, self-copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading No 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
4817	Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and correspondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 4818	Toilet paper	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 4819	Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibres	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 4820	Letter pads	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 4823	Other paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres, cut to size or shape	Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47	
ex Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans; except for heading Nos 4909 and 4910 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4909	Printed or illustrated postcards; printed cards bearing personal greetings, messages or announcements, whether or not illustrated, with or without envelopes or trimmings	Manufacture from materials not classified within heading No 4909 or 4911	
4910	Calendars of any kind, printed, including calendar blocks:		
	Calendars of the 'perpetual' type or with replaceable blocks mounted on bases other than paper or paperboard	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture from materials not classified in heading No 4909 or 4911	
ex Chapter 50	Silk; except for heading Nos ex 5003, 5004 to ex 5006 and 5007 for which the rules are set out below	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 5003	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed	Carding or combing of silk waste	
5004 to ex 5006	Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste	Manufacture from (¹):  — raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — other natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper-making materials	
5007	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste:		
	— incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (1)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for heading Nos 5106 to 5110 and 5111 to 5113 for which the rules are set out below:		

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} (^l) & For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. \end{tabular}$ 



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5106 to 5110	Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair	Manufacture from (¹):  — raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper-making materials	
5111 to 5113	Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair  — Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 52	Cotton; except for heading Nos 5204 to 5207 and 5208 to 5212 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5204 to 5207	Yarn and thread of cotton	Manufacture from ( <sup>1</sup> ):  — raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	

 $<sup>(^1)</sup>$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5204 to 5207 (cont'd)		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		— paper-making materials	
5208 to 5212	Woven fabrics of cotton:		
	— Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		— coir yarn,	
		— natural fibres,	
		<ul> <li>man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> </ul>	
		chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		— paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 53	Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for heading Nos 5306 to 5308 and 5309 to 5311 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5306 to 5308	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn	Manufacture from (¹):  — raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



	T		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5306 to 5308 (cont'd)		chemical materials or textile pulp, or      paper-making materials	
5309 to 5311	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn:		
	— Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread of man-made filaments	Manufacture from (¹):  — raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper-making materials	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5407 to 5408	Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn		
	Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		— coir yarn,	
		— natural fibres,	
		man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		— paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread	Manufacture from (¹):	
<i>7</i> ,711		raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,	
		chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		— paper-making materials	
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made staple fibres:		
	Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (1)	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5512 to 5516 (cont'd)	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance, processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 56	Wadding, felt and non-wovens; special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof; except for heading Nos5602, 5604, 5605 and 5606, for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — natural fibres,  — chemical materials or textile pulp, or  — paper-making materials	
5602	Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated:		
	— Needleloom felt	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres,  — chemical materials or textile pulp  However:  — polypropylene filament of heading No 5402  — polypropylene fibres of heading No5503 or 5506 or  — polypropylene filament tow of heading No 5501,	

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} (^l) & For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. \end{tabular}$ 



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5602 (cont'd)		of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex may be used provided their value does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):	
		— natural fibres,	
		— man-made staple fibres made from casein, or	
		— chemical materials or textile pulp	
5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics:		
	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):	
		natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	
		chemical materials or textile pulp, or	
		— paper-making materials	
5605	Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	
		chemical materials of textile pulp,     or	
		— paper-making materials	
5606	Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, gimped, other than those of heading No 5605 and gimped horsehair yarn; chenille yarn; loop wale-yarn	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded	
		or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5606 (cont'd)		chemical materials of textile pulp, or      paper-making materials	
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings:		
	— Of needleloom felt	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres, or  — chemical materials or textile pulp  However:  — polypropylene filament of heading No 5402,  — polypropylene fibres of heading No 5503 or 5506 or  — polypropylene filament tow of heading No 5501,  of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex may be used provided their values does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Of other felt	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or  — chemical materials or textile pulp	
	— Other textile coverings	Manufacture from (¹):  — coir yarn,  — synthetic or artifical filament yarn,  — natural fibres, or  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning	
ex Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for heading Nos 5805 and 5810 for which the rules are set out below:		

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} (^l) & For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. \end{tabular}$ 

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 58 (cont'd)	— Combined with rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (¹)	
	— Other	Manufacture from (¹):	
		— natural fibres,	
		man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		— chemical materials or textile pulp,	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5805	Hand-woven tapestries of the types gobelins, flanders, aubusson, beauvais and the like, and needle-worked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made up	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5810	Embroidery in the piece, in strips or in	Manufacture in which:	
	motifs	<ul> <li>all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product.</li> </ul>	
5901	Textile fibres coated with gum or amylaceous substances of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations	Manufacture from yarn	
5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacaity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon:		

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5902 (cont'd)	Containing not more than 90% by weight of textile materials	Manufacture from yarn	
	— Other	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5903	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics other than those of heading No 5902	Manufacture from yarn	
5904	Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape	Manufacture from yarn ( <sup>1</sup> )	
5905	Textile wall coverings:		
	Impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with rubber, plastics or other materials	Manufacture from yarn:	
	— Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		— coir yarn,	
		— natural fibres,	
		man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or	
		— chemical materials or textile pulp	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance, processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5906	Rubberised textile fabrics, other than those of heading No 5902:		

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} (^l) & For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. \end{tabular}$ 



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5906 (cont'd)	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (¹):	
		— natural fibres,	
		man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise procesed for spinning, or	
		— chemical materials or textile pulp	
	Other fabrics made of synthetic filament yarn, containing more then 90% by weight of textile materials	Manufacture from chemical materials	
	— Other	Manufacture from yarn	
5907	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like	Manufacture from yarn	
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefor, whether or not impregnated:		
	— Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated	Manufacture from tubular knitted gas mantle fabric	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use:		
	Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading No 5911	Manufacture from yarn or waste fabrics or rags of heading No 6310	
	— Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		— coir yarn,	
		— natural fibres,	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5909 to 5911 (cont'd)		man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or      chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded	
		or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or  — chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted:		
	Obtained by sewing together, or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have ben either cut to form or obtained directly to form	Manufacture from yarn (²):	
	— Other	Manufacture from (1):	
		— natural fibres,	
		<ul> <li>man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or</li> </ul>	
		chemical materials or textile pulp	
ex Chapter 62	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for heading Nos ex 6202, ex 6204, ex 6206, ex 6209, ex 6210, 6213, 6214, ex 6216 and 6217 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture from yarn (¹) (²):	
ex 6202, ex 6204, ex 6206, and ex 6209	Women's, girl's and babies' clothing and clothing accessories for babies, embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (¹):  or  Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product (¹)	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. See Introductory Note 6.

(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 6210 and ex 6216	Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester	Manufacture from yarn (¹)  or  Manufacture from uncoated fabric provided the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product (¹)	1
6213 and 6214	Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like:		
	— Embroidered	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1) (2)  or  Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product (1)	d e t
	— Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1) (2)	2
6217	Other made-up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading No 6212:		
	— Embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (1)	
		or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product (1)	e t
	Fire resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised	Manufacture from yarn (¹)	
	polyester	or  Manufacture from uncoated fabric provided the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product (1)	1
	Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. See Introductory Note 6.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
6217 (cont'd)		the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture from yarn (¹)	
ex Chapter 63	Other made-up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags; except for heading Nos 6301 to 6304, 6305, 6306, ex 6307 and 6308 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6301 to 6304	Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing articles:		
	— Of felt, of non-wovens	Manufacture from (²):  — natural fibres, or	
		chemical materials or textile pulp	
	— Other:		
	— — Embroidered	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1) (2)	
		or  Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted) provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	—— Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1) (2)	
6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods	Manufacture from (¹):  — natural fibres,  — man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or  — chemical materials or textile pulp	
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or landcraft; camping goods:		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. See Introductory Note 6.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
6306 (cont'd)	— Of non-wovens	Manufacture from (¹):	
		— natural fibres, or	
		<ul> <li>chemical materials or textile pulp</li> </ul>	
	— Other	Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1)	
6307	Other made-up articles, including dress patterns	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
6308	Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated provided their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set	
6401 to 6405	Footwear	Manufacture from materials of any heading except for assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading No 6406	
6406	Parts of footwear; removable in-soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles and parts thereof	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof, except for heading Nos 6503 and 6505 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6503	Felt hats and other felt headgear, made from the hat bodies, hoods or plateaux of heading No 6501 whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (¹)	
6505	Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece (but not in strips), whether or not lined or trimmed; hair-nets of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (¹)	

 $<sup>(^{</sup>l})$  For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
(1)	(2)	(2)	or (4)
ex Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking- sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops and parts thereof; except for heading No 6601 for which the rule is set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6601	Umbrellas and sun umbrellas (including walking-stick umbrellas, garden umbrellas and similar umbrellas)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; except for heading Nos ex 6803, ex 6812 and ex 6814, for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 6803	Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate	Manufacture from worked slate	
ex 6812	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 6814	Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paperboard or other materials	Manufacture from worked mica (including agglomerated or reconstituted mica)	
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware; except for heading Nos 7006, 7007, 7008, 7009, 7010, 7013 and ex 7019 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7006	Glass of heading Nos 7003, 7004 or 7005, bent, edgeworked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or otherwise worked, but not framed or fitted with other materials	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
7007	Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7008	Multiple-walled insulating units of glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7009	Glass mirrors, whether or not framed, including rear-view mirrors	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other closures, of glass	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product  or  Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7013	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading No 7010 or 7018)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product  or  Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  or  Hand-decoration (with the exception of silk-screen printing) of hand-blown glassware, provided the value of the hand-blown glassware does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 7019	Articles (other than yarn) of glass fibres	Manufacture from:  — uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn or chopped strands, or  — glass wool	
ex Chapter 71	Natural or cultural pearls, precious or semi-precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin; except for heading Nos ex 7102, ex 7103, ex 7104, 7106, ex 7107, 7108, ex 7109, 7110, ex 7111, 7116 and 7117 for which the rules are set out below	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 7102, ex 7103 and ex 7104	Worked precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture from unworked precious or semi-precious stones	
7106, 7108 and 7110	Precious metals:		
	— Unwrought	Manufacture from materials not classified within heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110	
		or	
		Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110	
		or	
		Alloying of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each other or with base metals	
	Semi-manufactured or in powder form	Manufacture from unwrought precious metals	
ex 7107, ex 7109 and ex 7111	Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured	Manufacture from metals clad with precious metals, unwrought	
7116	Articles of natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture, in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7117	Imitation jewellery	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
		or	
		Manufacture from base metal parts, not plated or covered with precious metals, provided the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 72	Iron and steel; except for heading Nos 7207, 7208 to 7216, 7217, ex 7218, 7219 to7222, 7223, ex 7224, 7225 to 7227, 7228 and 7229 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7207	Semi-finished products of iron or non-aloy steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
7208 to 7216	Flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7206	
7217	Wire of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7207	
ex 7218, 7219 to 7222	Semi-finished products, flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7218	
7223	Wire of stainless steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7218	
ex 7224, 7225 to 7227	Semi-finished products, flat-rolled products, in irregulary wound coils, of other alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7224	
7228	Bars and rods of other alloy steel; angles, shapes and sections, of other alloy steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading No 7206, 7218 or 7224	
7229	Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading No 7224	
ex Chapter 73	Articles of iron or steel; except for heading Nos ex 7301, 7302, 7304, 7305, 7306, ex 7307, 7308 and ex 7315 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 7301	Sheet piling	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206	
7302	Railway or tramway track construction materials of iron or steel, the following: rails, checkrails and rackrails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross-ties), fishplates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialised for jointing or fixing rails	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206	
7304, 7305 and 7306	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 7307	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No X5 CrNiMo 1712), consisting of several parts	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks the value of which does not exceed 35% of the ex-works price of the product	
7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading No 9406) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing framework, doors and windows and their frames and thresholds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading No 7301 may not be used	
ex 7315	Skid chains	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 7315 used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof; except for heading Nos 7401, 7402, 7403, 7404 and 7405 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7401	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought:		
	— Refined copper	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3) o	r (4)
7403 (cont'd)	Copper alloys and refined copper containing other elements	Manufacture from refined copper, unwrought, or waste and scrap	
7404	Copper waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
7405	Master alloys of copper	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof; except for heading Nos 7501 to 7503 for which the rules are set out below	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7501 to 7503	Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy; unwrought nickel; nickel waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof; except for heading Nos 7601, 7602 and ex 7616 for which the rules are set out below	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7601	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment from unalloyed aluminium or waste and scrap of aluminium	
7602	Aluminium waste or scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 7616	Aluminium articles other than gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, and expanded metal of aluminium	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium may be used, and	
		<ul> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
ex Chapter 78	Lead and articles therof; except for heading Nos 7801 and 7802 the rules for which are set out below	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
7801	Unwrought lead:		
	— refined lead	Manufacture from 'bullion' or 'work' lead	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 7802 may not be used	
7802	Lead waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof; except for heading Nos 7901 and 7902 the rules for which are set out below:	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>— the value of all the materials used</li> </ul>	
		does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
7901	Unwrought zinc	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 7902 may not be used	
7902	Zinc waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof; except for heading Nos 8001, 8002 and 8007 the rules for which are set out below:	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8001	Unwrought tin	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading No 8002 may not be used	
8002 and 8007	Tin waste and scrap; other articles of tin	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof:		
	Other base metals, wrought; articles thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials classified within the same heading as the product used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for heading Nos 8206, 8207, 8208, ex 8211, 8214 and 8215 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8206	Tools of two or more of the headings Nos 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 8202 to 8205. However, tools of heading Nos 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set provided their value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set	
8207	Interchangable tools for handtools, whether or not power-operated, or for machine-tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tapping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, milling, turning, or screwdriving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling or earth boring tools	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
8208	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
ex 8211	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading No 8208	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used	
8214	Other articles of cutlery (for example hair clippers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedicure sets and instruments (including nail files)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used	
8215	Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake-servers, fish-knives, butter-knives, sugar tongs and similar kitchen or tableware	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal maybe used	
ex Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for heading No ex 8306 for which the rule is set below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3) 0	r (4)
ex 8306	Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading No 8306 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for heading Nos ex 8401, 8402, 8403, ex 8404, 8406 to 8409, 8411, 8412, ex 8413, ex 8414, 8415, 8418, ex 8419, 8420, 8423, 8425 to 8430, ex 8431, 8439, 8441, 8444 to 8447, ex 8448, 8452, 8456 to 8466, 8469 to 8472, 8480, 8482, 8484 and 8485 for which the rules are set out below:	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8401	Nuclear fuel elements ( <sup>1</sup> )	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product (1)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8402	Steam or other vapour generating boilers (other than central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super heated water boilers	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8403 and ex 8404	Central heating boilers other than those of heading No 8402 and auxiliary plant for central heating boilers	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 8403 or 8404	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
8406	Steam turbines and other vapour turbines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	

 $<sup>(^1)</sup>$  This rule shall apply until 31 December 1998.



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi-diesel engines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8409	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading Nos 8407 and 8408	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo propellers and other gas turbines	Manufacture, in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8412	Other engines and motors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8413	Rotary positive displacement pumps	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8414	Industrial fans, blowers and the like	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8415	Air-conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity, including those machines in which the humidity cannot be separately regulated	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8418	Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air-conditioning machines of heading No 8415	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8419	Machines for the wood, paper pulp and paperboard industries	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8420	Calendering or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefor	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacure in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8423	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8425 to 8428	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers:  — Road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8430	Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile-drivers and pile-extractors; snow-ploughs and snow-blowers	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8431	Parts for road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	r (4)
8439	Machinery for making up pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8441	Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8444 to 8447	Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8448	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading Nos 8444 and 8445	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8452	Sewing machines, other than book-sewing machines of heading No 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles:  Sewing machine (lock stitch only) with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg with motor	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
		<ul> <li>40% of the ex-works price of the product,</li> <li>— where the value of all the non-originating materials used in assembling the head (without motor) does not exceed the value of the originating materials used, and</li> </ul>	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8452 (cont'd)		<ul> <li>the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms used are already originating</li> </ul>	
	— Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8456 to 8466	Machine-tools and machines and their parts and accessories of headings Nos 8456 to 8466	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8469 to 8472	Office machines (for example, typewriters, calculating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8480	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials, rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8482	Ball or roller bearings	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8484	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two more layers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8485	Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for heading Nos 8501, 8502, ex 8518, 8519 to 8529, 8535 to 8537, ex 8541, 8542, 8544 to 8548 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8501	Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets)	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8503, taken together are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8502	Electric generating sets and rotary converters	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8501 or 8503 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8518	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio-frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8519	Turntables (record decks), record- players, cassette-players and other sound reproducing apparatus, not incorporating a sound recording device:		
	— Electric gramophones	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
	— Other	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8520	Magnetic tape recorders and other sound recording apparatus, whether or not incorporating a sound reproducing device	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8521	Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8522	Parts and accessories of apparatus of heading Nos 8519 to 8521	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8523	Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena, other than products of Chapter 37:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8524	Records, tapes and other recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena, including matrices and masters for the production of records, but excluding products of Chapter 37		
	Matrices and masters for the production of records	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
		<ul> <li>where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8523 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-telegraphy, radio-broadcasting or television, whether or not incorporating reception apparatus or sound recording or reproducing apparatus; television cameras	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8526	Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8527	Reception apparatus for radio- telephony, radio-telegraphy or radio broadcasting, whether or not combined, in the same housing, with sound recording or reproducing apparatus or a clock	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8528	Television receivers (including video monitors and video projectors), whether or not incorporating radio broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus		
	Video recording or reproducing apparatus incorporating a video tuner	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
	— Other	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8529	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading Nos 8525 to 8528:		
	Suitable for use solely or principally with video recording or reproducing apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8529 (cont'd)	— Other	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8535 and 8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8537	Boards, panels (including numerical control panels), consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading No 8535 or 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, other than switching apparatus of heading No 8517	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8541	Diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices, except wafers not yet cut into chips	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8542	Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies	<ul> <li>Manufacture:</li> <li>in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibres cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8545	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8546	Electrical insulators of any material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8547	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly other than insulators of heading No 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8548	Electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8601 to 8607	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8608	Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8609	Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids) especially designed and equipped for carriage by one or more modes of transport	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts and acessories thereof; except for heading Nos 8709 to 8711, ex 8712, 8715 and 8716 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8709	Works trucks, self-propelled, not fitted with lifting or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8710	Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8711	Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars:		
	With reciprocating internal combustion piston engine of a cylinder capacity:		
	—— Not exceeding 50 cm <sup>3</sup>	Manufacture in which:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product
	—— Exceeding 50 cm <sup>3</sup>	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
	— Other	Manufacture in which:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8712	Bicycles without ball bearings	Manufacture from materials not classified in heading No 8714	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8715	Baby carriages and parts thereof	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8716	Trailers and semi-trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for heading Nos ex 8804 and 8805 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8804	Rotochutes	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 8804	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
8805	Aircraft launching gear; deck-arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the foregoing articles	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, hulls of heading No 8906 may not be used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for heading Nos 9001, 9002, 9004, ex 9005, ex 9006, 9007, 9011, ex 9014, 9015 to 9020 and 9024 to 9033 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9001	Optical fibres and optical fibre bundles; optical fibre cables other than those of heading No 8544; sheets and plates of polarising material, lenses (including contact lenses), prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9002	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any materials, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9004	Spectacles, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9005	Binoculars, monoculars, other optical telescopes, and mountings therefor, except for astronomical refracting telescopes and mountings therefor	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 9006	Photographic (other than cinematographic) cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9007	Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	r (4)
9011	Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or microprojection	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
		— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and	
		where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	
ex 9014	Other navigational instruments and appliances	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9015	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances, excluding compasses; rangefinders	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9016	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9017	Drawing, marking-out or mathematical calculating instruments (for example, drafting machines, pantographs, protractors, drawing sets, slide rules, disc circulators); instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand (for example, measuring rods and tapes, micrometers, callipers), not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary sciences, including scintigraphic apparatus, other electro-medical apparatus and sight-testing instruments:		
	Dentists' chairs incorporating dental appliances or dentists' spittoons	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 9018	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9018 (cont'd)	— Other	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
9019	Mechano-therapy appliances; massage apparatus; psychological aptitudetesting apparatus; ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy, artifical respiration or other therapeutic respiration apparatus	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
9020	Other breathing appliances and gas masks, excluding protective masks having neither mechanical parts nor replaceable filters	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
9024	Machines and appliances for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper, plastics)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9025	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers and psychrometers, recording or not, and any combination of these instuments	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9026	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases (for example, flow meters, level gauges, manometers, heat meters), excluding instruments and apparatus of heading No 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9027	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (for example, polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas or smoke analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9028	Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters, including calibrating meters therefor:		
	— Parts and accessories	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9029	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, milometers, pedometers and the like; speed indicators and tachometers, other than those of heading Nos 9104 or 9015; stroboscopes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9030	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, excluding meters of heading No 9028; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other ionising radiations	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9031	Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter; profile projectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9032	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9033	Parts and accessories (not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter) for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for heading Nos 9105 and 9109 to 9113 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9105	Other clocks	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9109	Clock movements, complete and assembled	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9110	Complete watch or clock movements, unassembled or partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements	Manufacture:  — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  — where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 9114 are only used up to a value of 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9111	Watch cases and parts thereof	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9112	Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this Chapter, and parts thereof	<ul> <li>Manufacture in which:</li> <li>— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and</li> <li>— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9113	Watch straps, watch bands and watch bracelets, and parts thereof:		
	Of base metal, whether or not plated, or of clad precious metal	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
	— Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated nameplates and the like; prefabricated buildings; except for heading Nos 9401, ex 9403, 9405 and 9406 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 9401 and ex 9403	Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight of 300 g/m <sup>2</sup> or less	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product	
		or	
		Manufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use of heading No 9401 or 9403, provided:	
		<ul> <li>its value does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>all the other materials used are already originating and are classified in a heading other than heading No 9401 or 9403</li> </ul>	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9405	Lamps and lighting fittings including searchlights and spotlights and parts thereof, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates and the like, having a permanently fixed light source, and parts thereof not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
9406	Prefabricated buildings	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof; except for heading Nos 9503 and 9606 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
9503	Other toys; reduced-size ('scale') models and similar recreational models, working or not; puzzles of all kinds	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9506	Articles and equipment for gymnastics, athletics, other sports (excluding table tennis) or outdoor games not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter; swimming pools and paddling pools	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, roughly shaped blocks for making golf club heads may be used	
ex Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles; except for heading Nos ex 9601, ex 9602, ex 9603, 9605, 9606, 9612, ex 9613 and ex 9614 for which the rules are set out below:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 9601 and ex 9602	Articles of animal, vegetable or mineral carving materials	Manufacture from 'worked' carving materials of the same heading	
ex 9603	Brooms and brushes (except for besoms and the like and brushes made from marten or squirrel hair), hand-operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorised, paint pads and rollers, squeegees and mops	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	



(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9605	Travel sets for personal toilet, sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule, which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set	
9606	Buttons, press-fasteners, snap-fasteners and press-studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
9612	Typewriter or similar ribbons, inked or otherwise prepared for giving impressions, whether or not on spools or in cartridges; ink-pads, whether or not inked, with or without boxes	Manufacture in which:  — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product, and  — the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9613	Lighters with piezo-igniter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 9613 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9614	Smoking pipes and pipe bowls	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks	
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

### ANNEX III

## **EUR.1 MOVEMENT CERTIFICATES**

- 1. EUR.1 movement certificates shall be made out on the form of which a specimen appears in this Annex. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.
- 2. Each certificate shall measure  $210 \times 297$  mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than  $25 \text{ g/m}^3$ . It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 3. The competent authorities of the Member States of the Community and of Morocco may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

# **MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE**

1. Exporter (name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No A 000.000
	See notes overleaf before completing this form
	2. Certificate used in preferential trade between
3. Consignee (name, full address, country) (Optional)	
	and
	(insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)
	4. Country, group of 5. Country, group of
	countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating countries or territory of destination
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks
8. Item number, marks and numbers, number and kind of pack	age(1), description of goods  9. Gross weight (kg) or other (Optional)
	measure (litres, m³,
	etc.)
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT	12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER  I, the undersigned, declare that the goods
Declaration certified Export document (²)	I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of this certificate.
FormNo	
	Place and date
Date	
Date	(Signature)
. (Signature)	(Olynaure)

13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to:	14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION
	Verification carried out shows that this certificate (1)
	was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.
	does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).
Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested	
(Place and date)	(Place and date)
(Signature)	(Signature)  (I) Insert X in the appropriate box.

### **NOTES**

- 1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- 2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

# **APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE**

1.	Exporter (name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No	Α 000.00	0
as appl		See notes overleaf before completing this form		
ate 'in bulk		Application for a certificate trade between	to be used in pr	eferential
3.	Consignee (name, full address, country) (Optional)			
er of artic			and	
e numbe		(insert appropriate countries,	- · 	·
are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.  9.		4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5. Country, gr countries o destination	oup of r territory of
<b>6.</b>	Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks		
If goods a				
0				
8.	Item number, marks and numbers, number and kind of pack	ages (1), description of goods	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)

# **DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER**

I, the undersigr	ned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,	
DECLARE	that the goods meet the conditions required for	the issue of the attached certificate;
SPECIFY	as follows the circumstances which have enable	ed these goods to meet the above conditions:
SUBMIT	the following supporting documents (1):	
UNDERTAKE	to submit, at the request of the appropriate at require for the purpose of issuing the attached of my accounts and to any check on the proce authorities;	uthorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspections asses of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said
REQUEST	the issue of the attached certificate for these go	ods.
		(Place and date)
		(Flace and date)
		(Signature)

<sup>(1)</sup> For example, import documents, movement certificates, manufacturer's declarations, etc. referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

### ANNEX IV

## **DECLARATION REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 27**

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods covered by this document declare that except where otherwise indicated (1), the goods meet the conditions to obtain originating status in preferential trade with:

The European Community/Morocco (²)

and that the country of origin of the goods is:

Morocco/The European Community (²) (³)

(Place and date)

(Signature)

(The signature must be followed by the name of the signatory in

clear script)

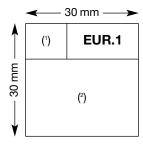
<sup>1)</sup> When an invoice also includes products not originating in the Community, the exporter must clearly indicate them.

<sup>(2)</sup> Delete where necessary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Reference can be made to a specific column of the invoice in which the country of origin of each product is entered.

## ANNEX V

# SPECIMEN IMPRESSION OF THE STAMP MENTIONED IN ARTICLE 22(3)(b)



- (1) Initials or coat of arms of the exporting State.
- (²) Such information as is necessary for the identification of the approved exporter.

## ANNEX VI

# **SPECIMEN OF DECLARATION**

I, 1	the undersigned, declare that the goods listed on this invoice were obtained in					
an	and (as appropriate):					
(a)	a) (1) satisfy the rules on the definition of the concept of 'wholly obtained products'					
	or					
(b)	(1) were produced from the follow	ring products:				
	Description	Country of origin (2)	Value (1)			
	and have undergone the following	g processes:				
			(indicate processings)			
	in					
Do	one at		(Signature)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Complete if necessary.
(2) Complete if necessary. In the event that:

— the goods originate in a country covered by the Agreement: indicate the country,

— the products originate in another country: indicate 'third country'.

1. Supplier (¹)  2. Consignee (¹)  3. Processor (¹)			INFORMATION CERTIFICATE  to facilitate the issue of a  MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE  for preferential trade between the  EUROPEAN COMMUNITY  and  (in block letters)  4. State in which the working or processing has been carried out				
6. Customs office of importation (2)			5. For official use				
7. Import document (²)  Form							
GOODS SENT TO THE MEMBER STATE OF DESTINATION							
8. Marks, numbers, quantity and kind of package	9. CN code and description of goods package				10. Quantity (3)		
					11. Value (4)	11. Value (4)	
		IMPORTED G	OODS USED		<u> </u>		
12. CN code and description of goods			13. Country of origin (5)	f	14. Quantity (3)	15. <b>Value</b> (²)(6)	
16. Nature of the working or processing carried out							
17. Remarks							
		19. <b>DECLARATION BY THE SUPPLIER</b> I, the undersigned, declare that the information on this certificate is accurate		clare that the informa-			
Customs office		, 50	stamp ,		(Place) (Date)		
(Signature)				(Sign	ature)		

REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION	RESULT OF VERIFICATION			
The undersigned customs official requests verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this information certificate	Verification carried out by the undersigned customs official shows that this information certificate:			
	a) was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate (*)			
	b) does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see notes appended) (*).			
(Place and date)	(Place and date)			
Official stamp	Official stamp			
(Official's signature)	(Official's signature)			
	(*) Delete where not applicable.			

### **NOTES**

- (1) Name of individual or business and full address.
- (2) Optional information.
- (3) Kg, hl, m<sup>3</sup> or other measure.
- (4) Packaging shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. However, this provision shall not apply to packaging which is not of the normal type for the article packed, and which has a lasting utility value of its own, apart from its function as packaging.
- (5) Complete if necessary. In the event that:
  - the goods originate in a country covered by the Agreement or Convention concerned: indicate the country,
  - the products originate in another country: indicate 'third country'.
- (6) The value must be indicated in accordance with the provisions on rules of origin.

### ANNEX VIII

# JOINT DECLARATION ON ARTICLE 1 OF THE PROTOCOL

The Parties agree that the provisions of Article 1(e) of the Protocol shall not prejudice the right of Morocco to benefit from special and differential treatment and other derogations accorded to developing countries by the agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

# JOINT DECLARATION ON ARTICLES 19 AND 33 OF THE PROTOCOL

The Parties agree to the necessity to establish Explanatory Notes to the provisions of Article 19(1)(b) and Article 33(1) and (2) of the Protocol.

## JOINT DECLARATION ON ARTICLE 39 OF THE PROTOCOL

For the implementation of Article 39 of this Protocol, the Community is prepared to examine any request from Morocco for derogations from the rules of origin after signature of the Agreement.